

Tour Code: 8 ELP

8天5夜 欧洲特别之旅

伦敦,阿姆斯特丹,布鲁塞尔,巴黎 (乘船住宿)







精简行程



吉隆坡 - 伦敦

(13小时10分钟)

第二天

伦敦

(机上用餐/午餐/-)

- 大本钟 (拍照)
- 唐人街 (歩行游览)
- 圣保罗大教堂 (路途经过)
- 威斯敏斯特教堂 (拍照)
- 白金汉宮 (拍照)
- 伦敦塔 (路途经过)
- 伦敦塔桥 (路途经过)
- 特拉法尔加广场 (路途经过)
- 皮卡迪利广场 (步行游览)

第三天

伦敦 – 阿姆斯特丹

(早/-/晚餐)

- Free & Easy
- 乘船住宿一晚前往阿姆斯特丹

第四天

阿姆斯特丹

(早/-/晚餐)

- 乘坐运河游船 (参观含船票)
- 红灯区 (歩行游览)
- 达姆广场 (步行游览)
- 钻石工厂 (参观)
- 桑斯安斯村 (歩行游览)

第五天

阿姆斯特丹 - 布鲁塞尔 (206公里, 3小时) - 巴黎 (307公里, 3小时45分钟) (早/午餐/-)

- 原子塔 (拍照)
- 大广场 (路途经过)
- 旧皇宮 (歩行游览)
- 市政厅 (步行游览)
- 撒尿小童像 (歩行遊览)













遗产

历史

家庭

风景

休闲

购物

伦敦

- 大本钟-大本钟是伦敦威斯敏斯特宫北端钟楼的大报时钟的昵称,也常代指该钟所在的钟楼。钟楼坐落在英国伦敦泰晤士河畔,是伦敦的标志之一。于1858年4月10日建成,是世界第三高钟楼。
- 圣保罗大教堂 坐落于英国伦敦,是世界第二大圆顶教堂。是世界五大教堂之一,世界第五大教堂。它模仿梵蒂冈的圣彼得大教堂,是英国古典主义建筑的代表。
- 威斯敏斯特教堂 亦称西敏寺,坐落在英国伦敦议会广场西南侧,正式名称为"圣彼得联合教堂"。整座建筑既金碧辉煌,又静谧肃穆,被认为是英国哥特式建筑的杰作。
- **白金汉宫** 是英国君主位于伦敦的主要寝宫及办公处。宫殿坐落在威斯敏斯特,是国家庆典和王室欢迎礼举行场地之一,也是一处重要的旅游景点。
- 伦敦塔-是位于伦敦市中心的一座宫殿和城堡,其官方名称是"女王陛下的宫殿与城堡,伦敦塔",因此虽然将其作为宫殿居住的最后一位统治者已是几世纪前的詹姆士一世(1566年至1625年),但在名义上它至今仍是英国王室宫殿。
- **伦敦塔桥** 是位于英国伦敦一座横跨泰晤士河铁桥,因位于伦敦塔附近而得名。伦敦塔桥有时被误称为伦敦桥(London Bridge),其实真正的伦敦桥是另一座完全不同的桥梁,位于伦敦塔桥的上游。

巴黎

- **埃菲尔铁塔** 矗立在法国巴黎的战神广场,是世界著名建筑,也是法国文化象征之一,巴黎城市地标之一,也是巴黎最高建筑物,于1889年建成,得名于设计它的著名建筑师、结构工程师古斯塔夫·埃菲尔。铁塔设计新颖独特,是世界建筑史上的技术杰作,是法国巴黎的重要景点和标志。
- 凯旋门 位于法国巴黎的戴高乐广场中央,是拿破仑为纪念1805年打败俄奥联军的胜利,于1806年下令修建而成的。拿破仑被推翻后,凯旋门工程中途辍止。波旁王朝被推翻后又重新复工,到1836年终于全部竣工。
- 香榭丽舍大道 香榭丽舍大道是巴黎一条著名的大道,位于城市西北部的第八区。它被誉为巴黎最美丽的街道。"香榭丽舍"原意是希腊神话中圣人及英雄灵魂居住的冥界。
- **协和广场** 建于1757年,是一个非常美丽的广场,最初是献给路易十五的。协和广场位于香榭丽舍大道中段,从这里可以环顾大部份的巴黎美景:香榭丽舍大道、凯旋门、杜伊勒里公园、卢浮宫等等。法国大革命期间,这里曾被称为"革命广场",是行刑的场所,国王路易十六及王后、罗兰夫人、罗伯斯庇尔都在此被送上了断头台。1795年,这里改名为"协和广场"。
- **巴黎荣军院** 是路易十四在1676年建成的,包括一座教堂和几个院子,用来安置战争中伤残的军人,后来做过医院、收容所、修道院、军事学院。现在仍属于法国军方,其中一部分成为法国军事博物馆,这是世界上展品最丰富的军事博物馆之一。另外还有收藏军事堡垒模型的立体地图博物馆和献给二战军人的解放勋章博物馆。
- **玛德莲教堂** 位于巴黎8条主要大道交会处的玛德莲广场,加上巨大庄严的外观,成为巴黎最知名的建筑代表之一。

巴黎

(早/午/晚餐)

- 乘坐塞纳河游船 (参观含船票)
- 埃菲尔铁塔 (参观含人门票)
- 凯旋门 (拍照)
- 香榭丽舍大道 (路途经过)
- 巴黎大小皇宫 (路途经过)
- 协和广场(路途经过)
- 巴黎荣军院 (路途经过)
- 巴黎歌剧院 (路途经过)
- 军事博物馆 (路途经过)
- 卢浮宫 (拍照)
- 玛德莲教堂 (路途经过)
- 老佛爷商场 (周日休息)

巴黎 – 吉隆坡

(早餐/机上用餐)

自由活动,回程

第八天

抵达家园

★★★★★ 旅游亮点 ★★★★



- 一晚乘船住宿
- 钻石工厂
- ✔ 老佛爷商场
- ✓ 第二层埃菲尔铁塔
- ✔ 塞纳河游船
- 桑斯安斯风车村 木鞋, 奶酪及风车村



3 🛨 + 4 🛨 酒店

- ✓ 伦敦 X1晚
- ✓ 阿姆斯特丹 X 1 晚
- 巴黎 X2晚
- ✓ 乘船住宿 X1晚(伦敦-阿姆斯特丹)







- ✓ 5早餐/3午餐/3晚餐
- 中餐与西餐为主

布鲁塞尔

- 原子塔 是为1958年布鲁塞尔世界博览会而建的金属结构的纪念性建筑物 , André Waterkeyn设计,高102米,包括9个直径18米的球体,与连接圆球 的钢管构成相当于放大1650亿倍的α铁的正方体晶体结构。目前(2008年) 三个球体向游客开放,顶部的球体提供观察布鲁塞尔全景的观景地。
- 大广场 是西欧比利时的首都布鲁塞尔的中心广场;1998年联合国教科文 组织将布鲁塞尔大广场列入世界文化遗产。
- 市政厅 乃始建于中世纪的哥特式建筑,坐落于比利时布鲁塞尔大广场中 间。这座歌德式建筑物是布鲁塞尔的城市地标。建筑物分两期建造,规模较 大的左半部建于1402年,1455年建造右半部时,由PhilipeleBon主持建造 了塔楼和96米高的尖塔。
- 撒尿小童像 是比利时首都布鲁塞尔的市标。这座闻名于世的小男孩铜像 是一座落于市中心步行区的雕像及喷水池。这个五岁小孩身材的雕像不大(身高约53厘米),但有将近四百年的历史。

阿姆斯特丹

- 红灯区 阿姆斯特丹的红灯区位于老城区。在红灯区内,一条条窄小的巷 道充斥着情色文化的各种表征,穿着暴露的「橱窗女郎」在她们谋生的橱窗 内搔首弄姿,情趣商店的各种商品毫不遮掩的展示在街道旁,这些巷弄里无 时不刻弥漫着一种诡异的气氛,来到这里满足好奇心的同时,也请特别小心 注意自己人身及财物的安全。
- 达姆广场 被称为阿姆斯特丹的心脏地带的达姆广场,是阿姆斯特丹历史 的发祥地,是荷兰最具盛名的广场。广场上的战争慰灵碑,为纪念在两次大 战中牺牲者而建。
- 桑斯安斯村 开放式的保留区和博物馆。古老的建筑生动描绘了17、18世 纪的荷兰生活。真实的房子,古老的造船厂,制作木鞋的表演,还有风车, 每年吸引着成干上万的游客。

★★★★★ 餐食特色★★★★









旅游资讯

欧大洲



货币	欧元: (EUR)	信用卡 致电信用卡中心,以延长你的信用卡额度 * 许多信用卡在欧洲通行.
货币兑换率	1欧元 : 4.7 令吉	拨号代码 巴黎 :+33 1 阿姆斯特丹 :+45 布鲁塞尔 :+32 2 伦敦 :+44
电压	110 - 220 伏特	插座 插头是两个圆脚头 *请自带多功能插座
时差	标准时差慢马来西亚时间6小时	行李托运 每人只限携带一件不超过7公斤的手提行李上 机,以及托运行李不超过20公斤
气候	□ 春季 □ 夏季 3月 - 5月 6月 - 8月 10°C - 25°C 28°C - 35°C	□ 秋季 □ 冬季 9月 - 11月 12月- 2月 C 10°C - 25°C 5°C - 17°C
飞机型号	A330	B737- 800 B757
出发日期: 团费: 小费: 签证:		加班行程: 机场税及燃油附加费: 流行社代收费: 流行保险:

Travel Agent:



Operated By
ICE HOLIDAYS SDN BHD
(230643-X) KPL/LN:2441

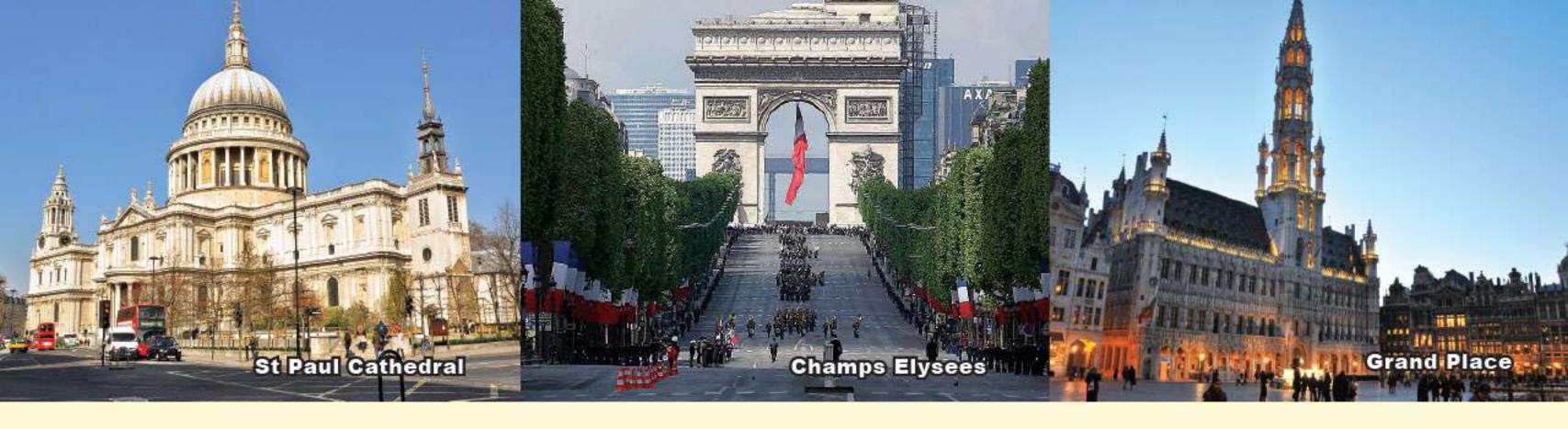


8D5N

EUROPE SPECIAL TOUR

LONDON, AMSTERDAM, BRUSSELS, PARIS (Overnight Cruise)



















HERITAGE

HISTORICAL

FAMILY

SCENIC

LEISURE

SHOPPING

MUALA LUMPUR – LONDON (13H10M)

D2 LONDON

(MOB/L/-)

- Big Ben (Photo Stop)
- Chinatown (Walking tour)
- St. Paul Cathedral (Drive pass)
- Westminster Abbey (Photo Stop)
- Buckingham Palace (Photo Stop)
- London Tower (Drive pass)
- Tower Bridge (Drive pass)
- Trafalgar Square (Drive pass)
- Piccadilly Circus (Walking tour)

D3 LONDON - AMSTERDAM (B/-/D)

- Free & Easy
- Overnight Cruise to Amsterdam

D4 AMS

AMSTERDAM

(B/-/D)

- Canal Cruise (Visit With Ticket)
- Red light District (Walking Tour)
- Dam Square (Walking Tour)
- Diamond Factory (visit)
- Zaanse Schans (Walking Tour)

D5 AMSTERDAM – BRUSSELS (206KM, 3H) – PARIS (307KM, 3H45M) (B/L/-)

- Atomium (Photo Shop)
- Grand Place (Drive Pass)
- Maison du Roi (Walking Tour)
- City Hall (Walking Tour)
- Manneken Pis (Walking Tour)

D6

PARIS

(B/L/D)

- Seine River Cruise (Visit With Ticket)
- 2nd level Eiffel Tower (Visit With Entrance)
- Arch of Triumph (Photo Shop)
- Champs Elysees (Drive Pass)
- Grand & Petit Palais (Drive Pass)
- Place de la Concorde (Drive Pass)
- Les Invalides (Drive Pass)
- Opera (Drive Pass)
- Military Academy (Drive Pass)
- Louvre Museum (Photo shop)
- La Madeleine (Drive Pass)
- Lafayette Shopping (Closed on Sunday)

LONDON

- Big Ben Big Ben is the nickname for the Great Bell of the clock at the north end of the Palace of Westminster in London. The tower is officially known as the Elizabeth Tower, renamed as such to celebrate the Diamond Jubilee of Elizabeth II.
- St Paul Cathedral Is a Church of England cathedral, the seat of the Bishop of London and mother church of the Diocese of London. It sits at the top of Ludgate Hill, the highest point in the City of London.
- Westminster Abbey Formally titled the Collegiate Church of St Peter at Westminster, is a large, mainly Gothic, church in the City of Westminster, London.
- Buckingham Palace Is the London residence and principal workplace of the monarchy of the United Kingdom. Located in the City of Westminster, the palace is often at the centre of state occasions and royal hospitality.
- London Tower Also known as "Her Majesty's Royal Palace and Fortress", a royal palace made up of a complex of several buildings, was built as a place to protect and control the city of London.
- Tower Bridge (built 1886–1894) is a combined bascule and suspension bridge in London which crosses the River Thames. It is close to the Tower of London, from which it takes its name, and has become an iconic symbol of London.

PARIS

- Eiffel Tower The Eiffel Tower is an iron lattice tower located on the Champ de Mars in Paris. It was named after the engineer Gustave Eiffel, whose company designed and built the tower. Erected in 1889 as the entrance arch to the 1889 World's Fair, it was initially criticised by some of France's leading artists and intellectuals for its design, but has become both a global cultural icon of France and one of the most recognizable structures in the world. Once the tallest structure in the world, the Eiffel Tower is probably Europe's best known landmark and Paris's most famous symbol.
- Arch of Triumph is one of the most famous monuments in Paris. The Arc de Triomphe (in English: "Triumphal Arch") honours those who fought and died for France in the French Revolutionary and the Napoleonic Wars, with the names of all French victories and generals inscribed on its inner and outer surfaces. Beneath its vault lies the Tomb of the Unknown Soldier from World War I.
- Champs Elysees Is a boulevard in the 8th arrondissement of Paris, which runs between the Place de la Concorde and the Place Charles de Gaulle, where the Arc de Triomphe is located. It is famous for its theatres, cafés and luxury shops, and for the military parade that takes place each year on the avenue on 14 July to celebrate Bastille Day.



D7

PARIS - KUALA LUMPUR (B/MOB)

Free at leisure until departure

D8

ARRIVAL HOME



- Overnight Cruise
- Diamond Factory
- Lafayette Shopping
- 2nd level Eiffel Tower
- Seine River Cruise
- Zaanse Schans Wooden Shoe, Cheese and Windmill Village



3 * +4 * HOTEL + OVERNIGHT CRUISE

- LONDON
- **AMSTERDAM**
- X 1 NIGHT

X 1 NIGHT

- **PARIS**
- X 2 NIGHTS
- OVERNIGHT CRUISE X 1 NIGHT (LONDON TO AMSTERDAM)



- 5 Breakfast / 3 Lunch / 3 Dinner
- Mix Western Meals and Chinese Meals







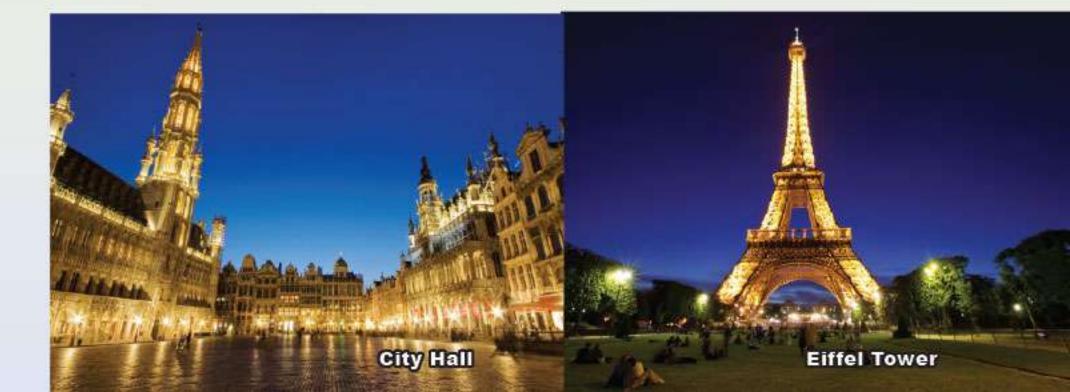
- Place de la Concorde ls one of the major public squares in Paris, France. Measuring 8.64 hectares (21.3 acres) in area, it is the largest square in the French capital. It is located in the city's eighth arrondissement, at the eastern end of the Champs-Élysées.
- Les Invalides -- Is a complex of buildings in the 7th arrondissement of Paris, France, containing museums and monuments, all relating to the military history of France, as well as a hospital and a retirement home for war veterans, the building's original purpose.
- La Madeleine Is a Roman Catholic church occupying a commanding position in the 8th arrondissement of Paris. The Madeleine Church was designed in its present form as a temple to the glory of Napoleon's army.

BRUSSELS

- Atomium The Atomium is a building in Brussels originally constructed for Expo 58, the 1958 Brussels World's Fair. Designed by the engineer André Waterkeyn and architects André and Jean Polak.
- Grand Place The Grand Place or Grote Markt is the central square of Brussels. The square is the most important tourist destination. It is a UNESCO World Heritage Site.
- City Hall The City Hall of Brussels is a masterpiece of the Gothic civil architecture of the 15th century. The wealth inside also makes it one of the most luxurious city halls of the country. It possesses an important artistic and historic heritage (paintings, sculptures, tapestries).
- Manneken Pis Manneken Pis is a landmark small bronze sculpture in Brussels, depicting a naked little boy urinating into a fountain's basin. It was designed by Hiëronymus Duquesnoy the Elder and put in place in 1618 or 1619.

AMSTERDAM

- Red Light District A red-light district is a part of an urban area where there is a concentration of prostitution and sex-oriented businesses, such as sex shops, strip clubs, adult theaters, etc. The term originates from the red lights that were used as signs of brothels. There are areas in many big cities around the world which have acquired an international reputation as red-light districts.
- Dam Square Dam Square, or simply the Dam is a town square in Amsterdam, the capital of the Netherlands. Its notable buildings and frequent events make it one of the most well-known and important locations in the city.
- Zaanse Schans With its traditional houses, windmills, warehouses and workshops, the historic village of Zaanse Schans offers a preserved glimpse of what it was like to live in the Netherlands in the 18th and 19th centuries.



General Information

· EUROPE ·



Currency	Euro: (EURO)	Credit Card Call credit card centre to extend your credit card limit * Credit Card are used widely in Europe
Exchange Rate	EUR 1 : RM 4.7	Dial Code Paris :+331 Brussels :+322 Amsterdam :+45 London :+44
Voltage	110 - 220 Volts.	Power socket 2 round plug. *Please bring a universal electric plug adapter
Time Different	Euro : 6 hours behind Malaysia	Each individual are entitled to check in 1 luggage of not more than 20kgs and a hand carry bag not more than 7kgs.
Weather	Spring Summer Mar - May Jun - Aug 10°C - 25°C 28°C - 35°C	Autumn Winter Sep - Nov Dec - Feb 10°C - 25°C 5°C - 17°C
Aircraft Type	A330	B737- 800 B757
Departure Date:		Flight:
Tour Fare:	Airport Tax & Fuel Surcharge:	
Tipping:	Agent Collection Fee:	
Visa:		Travel Insurance:
		TOTAL:

Travel Agent:



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