

**EXOTIC**  
DESTINATIONS 异国风情

9天7晚

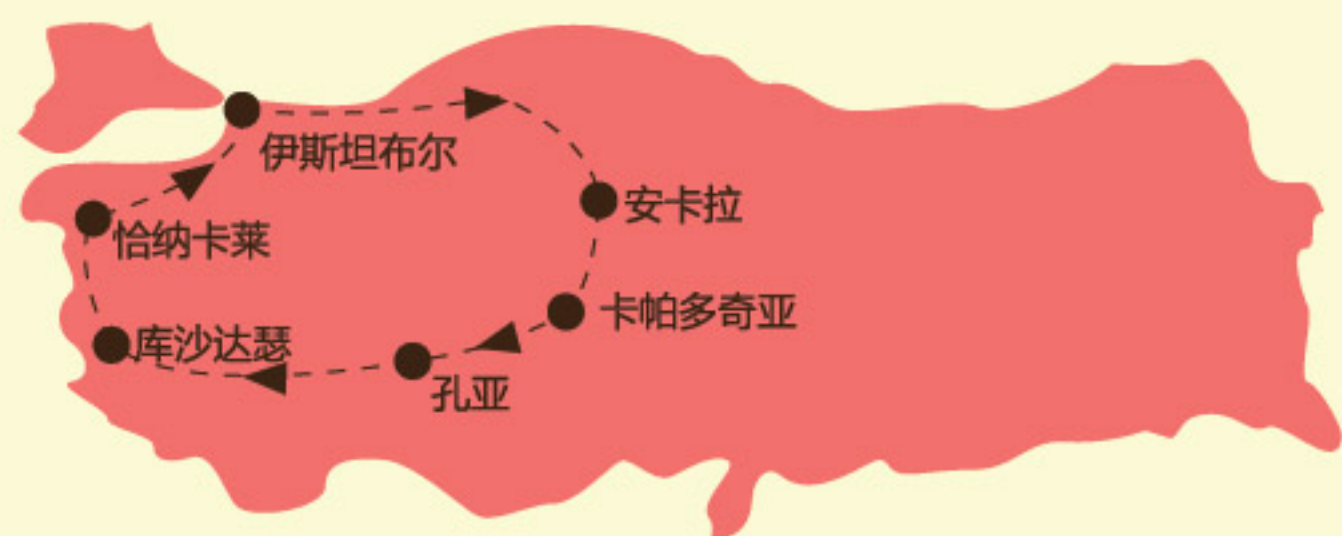
# 探索土耳其之旅

伊斯坦布尔, 安卡拉, 卡帕多奇亚, 孔亚, 帕姆克列, 库沙达瑟, 恰纳卡莱

Tour Code: 9 XSS



土耳其



棉花堡



迪夫里特峡谷



乌奇希萨尔城堡村



艾菲索斯





阿塔图尔克陵墓



蓝色清真寺



君士坦丁堡赛马场



## 精简行程



遗产



历史



家庭



风景



休闲



购物

### 第一天

吉隆坡 - 伊斯坦布尔 (11H10M)  
(机上用餐/晚餐)

### 第二天

伊斯坦布尔 - 安卡拉 (460KM, 5H) -  
卡帕多奇亚 (283KM, 5H) (早/午/晚餐)

- 途中停于盐湖
- 阿塔图尔克陵墓

### 第三天

卡帕多奇亚 (早/午/晚餐)

- 鸽子山谷
- 帕夏贝谷
- 迪夫里特峡谷
- 乌奇希萨尔城堡村
- 阿瓦诺斯陶艺村
- 土耳其绿松石
- 肚皮舞秀

### 第四天

卡帕多奇亚 - 孔雅 (242KM, 4H15M) -  
帕姆克列 (405KM, 6H45M) (早/午/晚餐)

- Tepesidelikhan Ancient Caravanserai
- Underground City of Serhatli

### 第五天

帕姆克列 - 库萨达斯 (183KM, 3H20M)  
(早/午/晚餐)

- 希拉波里斯古城
- 棉花堡
- 塞尔丘克
- 艾菲索斯
- 圣母玛利亚之家

### 第六天

库萨达瑟 - 帕加马 (194KM, 3H30M) -  
恰纳卡莱 (214KM, 4H) (早/午/晚餐)

- 特洛伊木马

### 第七天

恰纳卡莱 - 伊斯坦堡 (510KM, 8H)  
(早/午/晚餐)

- 蓝色清真寺
- 君士坦丁堡赛马场
- 圣索菲亚教堂
- 托普卡珀皇宫

## 伊斯坦布尔

- **蓝色清真寺** - 伊斯坦布尔唯一一座拥有六座宣礼尖塔的清真寺，里面珍藏着各国和地区赠送来的礼物。
- **君士坦丁堡赛马场** - 伊斯坦堡皇帝与万民同庆的场所，就像现今的赛马场。
- **圣索菲亚大教堂** - 有近一千五百年的漫长历史，世界十大令人向往的教堂之一。
- **托普卡珀皇宫** - 奥斯曼帝国时期建造，道地的苏丹皇宫。

## 恰纳卡莱

- **特洛伊木马** - 正是“木马屠城记”裡记载著的希腊军队用来攻破特洛伊城的那隻大木馬。

## 库沙达瑟

- **塞尔丘克** - 塞尔丘克是游客最多量的旅游目的地之一，以邻近古代城市以弗所、圣母玛利亚故居和塞尔柱艺术品著称。6世纪 圣若望圣殿兴建在使徒的陵墓上，就位于城内。绝大多数游客只将塞尔丘克用作以弗所的逗留站，并不访问城市本身。塞尔丘克的旧城区大致保持原状，未经开发，保留了传统的土耳其文化和地方特色。
- **艾菲索斯** - 是土耳其最有观光价值的古城，也是目前世上保存的最好也最大的希腊罗马古迹城。
- **希拉波里斯古城** - 希拉波里斯和棉花堡是一处联合国教科文组织世界遗产。这里的温泉自从公元前二世纪就用于疗养，人们来此治疗他们的疾病，其中许多人，退休或死在这里。
- **棉花堡** - 因该地象一座雪白的城堡而得名。棉花堡和其顶上的希拉波里斯古城于1988年共同被列为世界遗产。

## 孔亚

- **Tepesidelikhan Ancient Caravanserai** - 将丝绸、瓷器、纸张、香料和宝石从亚洲运到欧洲，在到达连接欧亚两洲的安纳托利亚之前要经过很多要道。这些商道后来得名“丝绸之路”，而安纳托利亚则位于这些要道的交叉处。时光回溯至13世纪，塞尔柱王朝为了鼓励贸易，为骆驼商队一路修建了许多供休息的驿站 (Caravanserais)，按一天可能的行程设置，每站之间大约相隔15到30公里，修建、维护以及商队住宿的费用统统由苏丹承担，而他则从贸易的税收中得益。





博斯普鲁斯邮轮之旅



帕夏贝谷



鸽子山谷

## 第八天

### 伊斯坦堡 - 吉隆坡

(早/ - /机上用餐)

- 博斯普鲁斯邮轮之旅
- 自由活动 - 回程

## 第九天

### 抵达吉隆坡

★★★★★ 旅游亮点 ★★★★★

- ✓ 全程4星级酒店
- ✓ 全程包餐
- ✓ Underground City of Serhatli
- ✓ 特洛伊木马
- ✓ 艾菲索斯
- ✓ 阿塔图尔克陵墓
- ✓ 棉花堡
- ✓ 肚皮舞秀
- ✓ 博斯普鲁斯邮轮之旅

★★★★★  ★★★★★

### 4 ★ 酒店

- ✓ 卡帕多奇亚 x 2晚
- ✓ 帕姆克列 x 1晚
- ✓ 库萨达瑟 x 1晚
- ✓ 恰纳卡莱 x 1晚
- ✓ 伊斯坦布尔 x 2晚

★★★★★  ★★★★★

- ✓ 7早餐/ 6午餐 / 7晚餐
- ✓ 当地风味餐

## 卡帕多奇亚

- **Underground City of Serhatli** - 是当时卡帕多西亚地区的基督徒为了躲避迫害躲藏的地方，这个地下城约有八层的地底洞穴，目前只开放五层，里面空间之大另人叹为观止，是目前发现的最大地下洞穴遗址，参观后让人不得不佩服当地人的聪明。
- **鸽子山谷** - 鸽子谷属于一个天然的自然景观。在这幽美的山谷两边，到处的是大块的石头，倘若你仔细看在石头上都是密密麻麻大小不一的鸽子洞。对于卡帕多奇穴居的那些居民来说，鸽子所具备的不仅仅是传信的作用，而且还是人民生活所用的肥料以提供及营养的源泉。他们用采集来的鸽子粪作为天然的肥料，是讲究天然的环保地区。
- **迪夫里特峡谷** - 这个侵蚀地貌最明显的山谷，是卡帕多西亚地区形状最奇特、分布最集中的火山石锥群。著名的骆驼形状的岩石就在这里，被称为“动物岩层(Animal Rock Formations)”。数百个高度从几十米到100多米不等的石锥紧密排列，聚集在一起仿佛是要拍摄集体照。人们惊讶于这鬼斧神工的壮观景象，形象地称之为“精灵烟囱(Fairy Chimney)”。
- **帕夏贝谷** - 在济尔维附近的帕夏贝谷有整个卡帕多西亚地区最美、最可爱的仙人烟囱，这里除了有卡帕多西亚最高的仙人烟囱之外，玄武岩的仙人烟囱全是多头式、尖帽式，非常特别。高耸入天的仙人头像下就是教堂，原来是公元5世纪时隐士圣西蒙(St Simeon)的隐修所，至今保留得很完整。
- **乌奇希萨尔城堡村** - 顶上观看玫瑰谷和鸽子谷上方的落日，非常热门。城堡是一块凿有很多通道和窗户、高高矗立的火山岩，方圆几英里内，都能看到。现在作为一处游览胜地，可以游客登高一览卡帕多细亚的乡村全景，入口处有露台咖啡馆。不幸的是，很多乘公共汽车来的游客在这里乱扔垃圾，使美好的体验大打折扣。城堡上没有栏杆，你得非常小心。
- **阿瓦诺斯陶艺村** - 这里是出产陶器和地毯的商店。

## 安卡拉

- **阿塔图尔克陵墓** - 是为了纪念土耳其的国父阿塔图尔克，而在安卡拉市内的高地上所建的陵墓。



圣索菲亚大教堂



特洛伊木马



托普卡珀皇宫



# 旅游资讯

## 土耳其



<b>货币</b> 	: 土耳其里拉(TRY) 土耳其 : 欧元(EUR) : 美金(USA)	<b>信用卡</b> * 国际信用卡在土耳其通行
<b>货币兑换率</b> 	1土耳其里拉 : 1.5 令吉 1欧元 : 4.4 令吉 1美金 : 3.7 令吉	<b>拨号代码</b> + 90
<b>电压</b> 	220 伏特	<b>插头</b> 插头是两个圆脚头 *请自带多功能插座
<b>时差</b> 	标准时差 - 慢马来西亚时间5小时	<b>行李托运</b> 每人只限携带一件不超过7公斤的手提行李上机, 以及托运行李不超过20公斤
<b>气候</b> 	<div> <input type="checkbox"/> 春季 3月 - 5月 10°C- 25°C </div> <div> <input type="checkbox"/> 夏季 6月 - 8月 28°C- 37°C </div> <div> <input type="checkbox"/> 秋季 9月 - 11月 8°C- 20°C </div> <div> <input type="checkbox"/> 冬季 12月- 2月 -5°C- 11°C </div>	
<b>飞机型号</b> 	<div>  A330 </div> <div>  B737- 800 </div> <div>  B757 </div>	

出发日期 :

航班行程 :

团费 :

机场税及燃油附加费 :

小费 :

旅行社代收费 :

签证 :

旅行保险 :

总数:

Travel Agent:





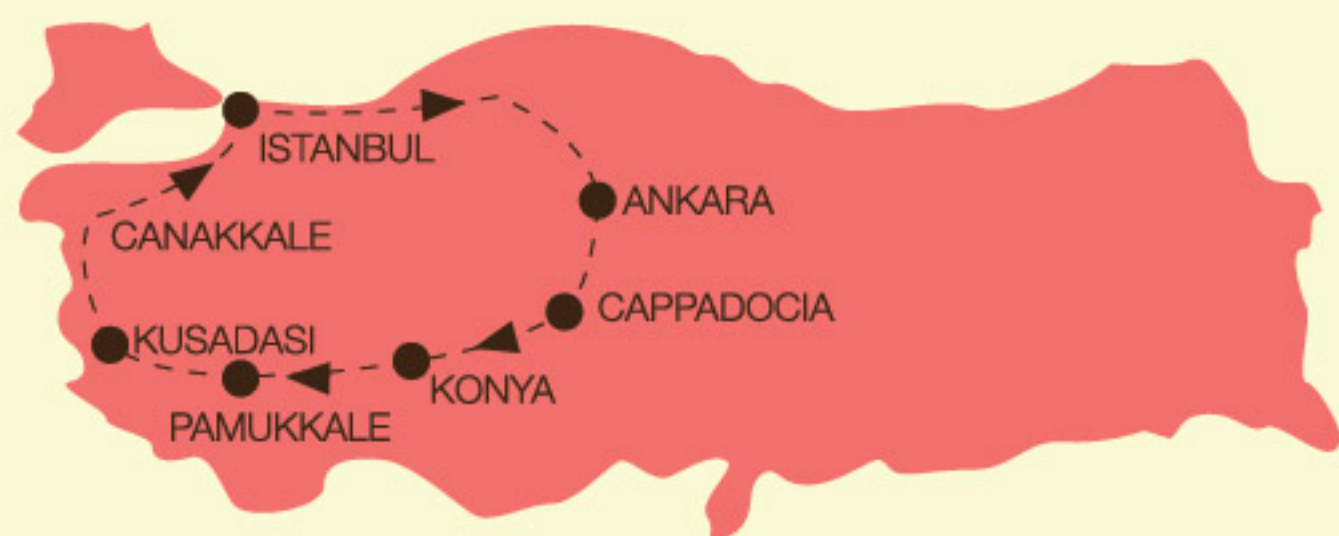
# TURKEY DISCOVERY

ISTANBUL, ANKARA, CAPPADOCIA, KONYA, PAMUKKALE, KUSADASI, CANAKKALE

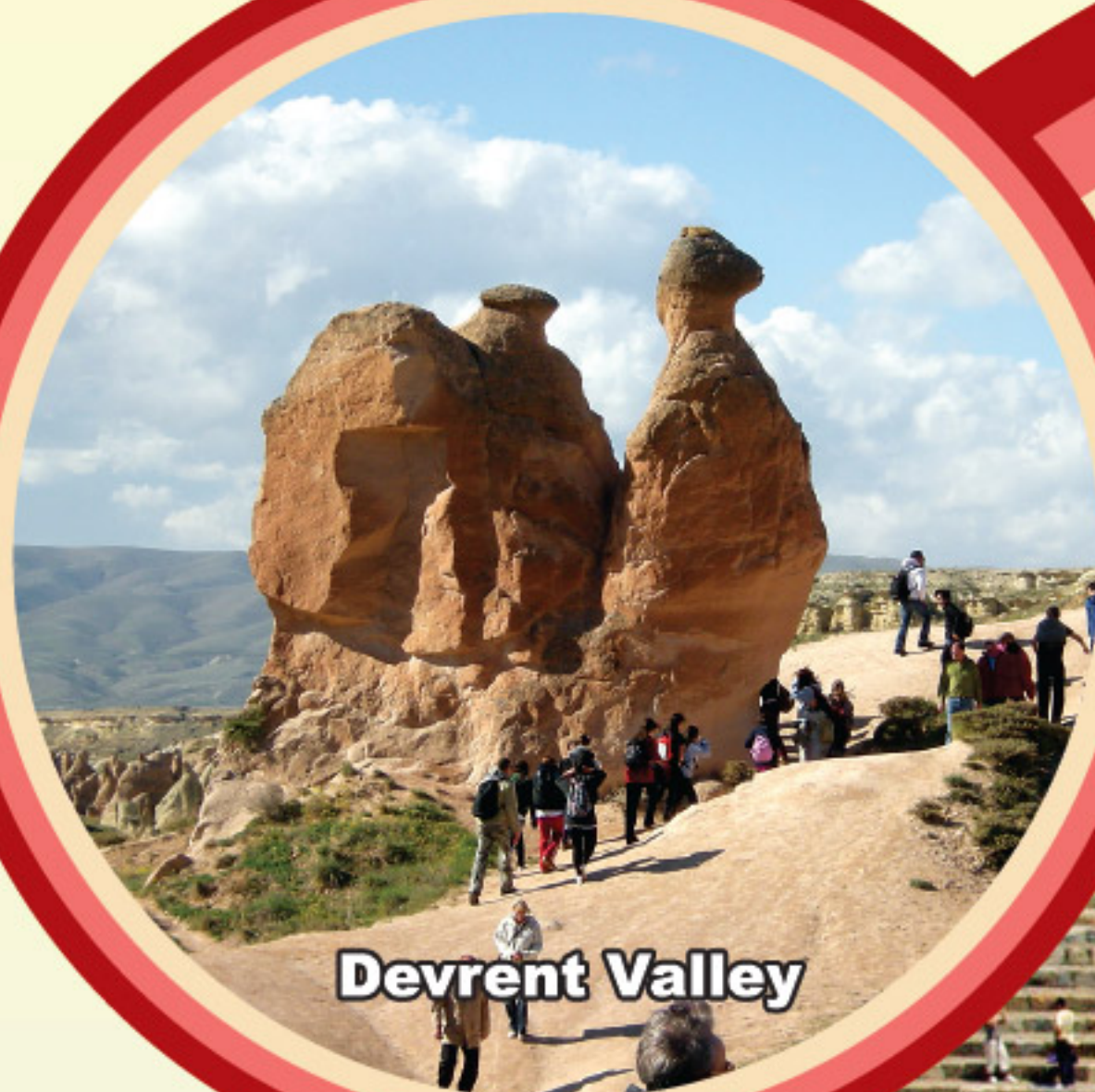
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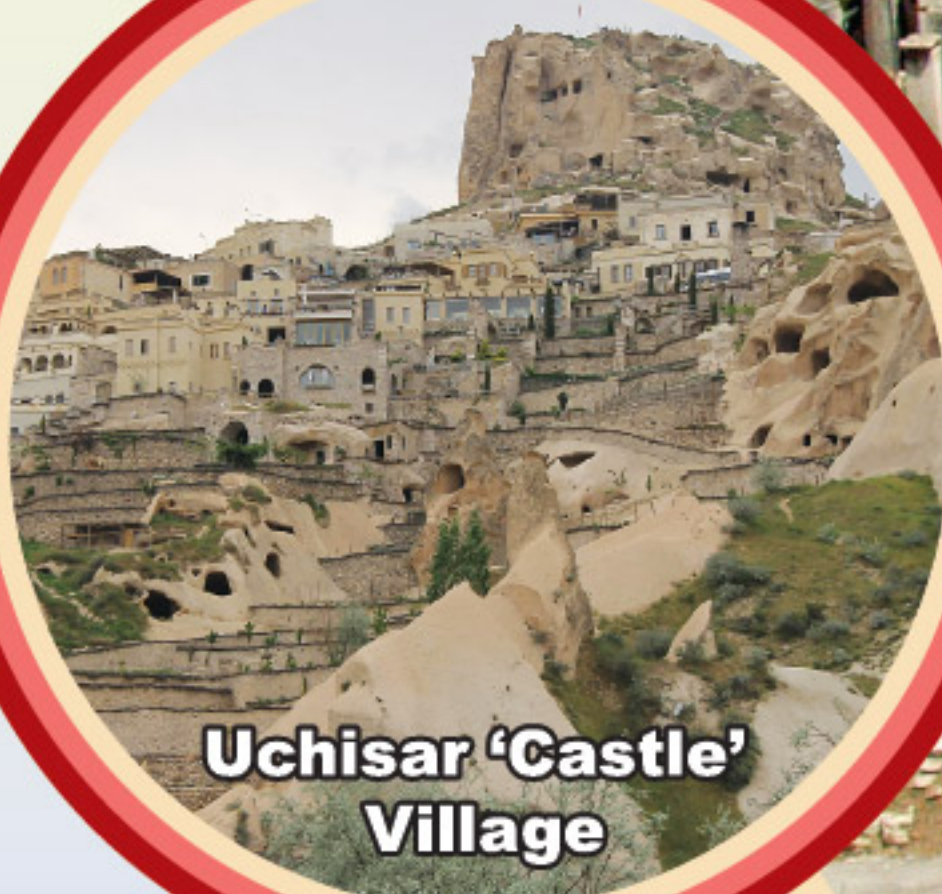
TURKEY



Cotton Castle



Devrent Valley

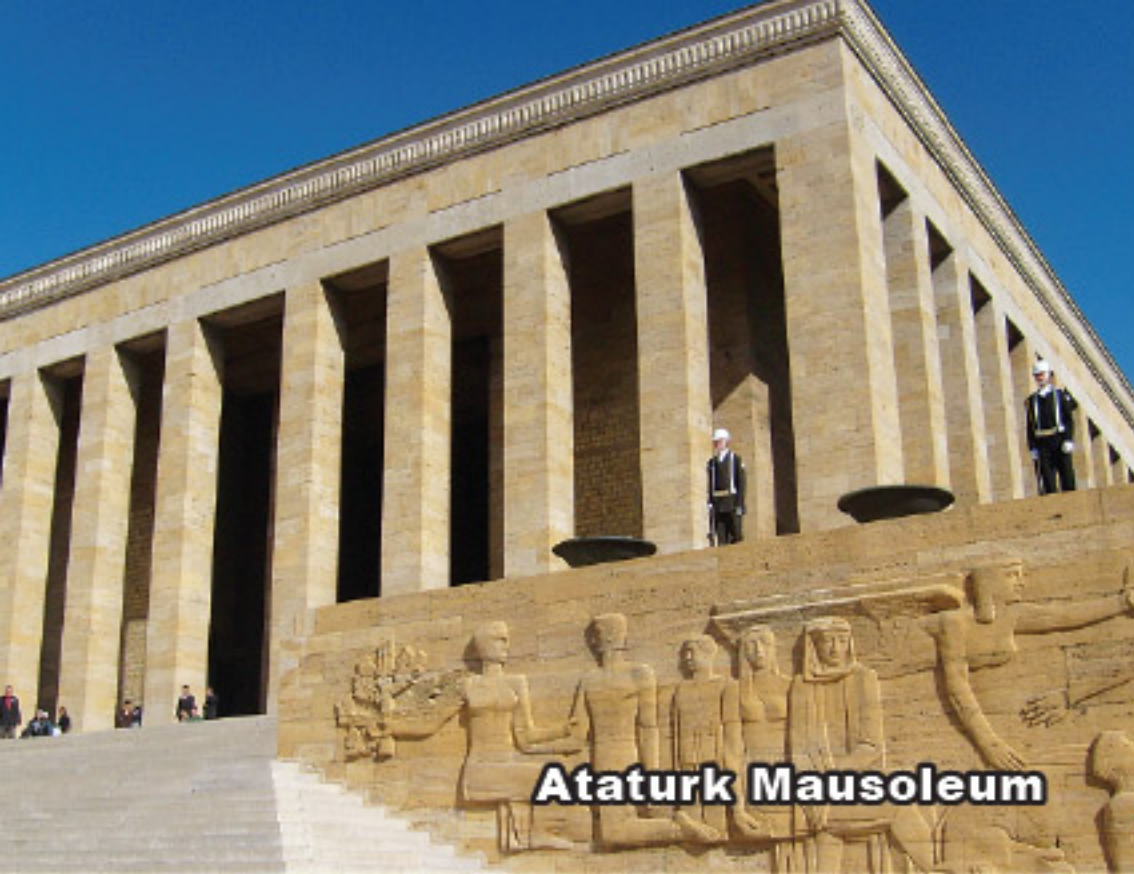


Uchisar 'Castle'  
Village



Ephesus Ancient City





Ataturk Mausoleum



Blue Mosque



Hippodrome of Constantinople



## SCHEDULE



HERITAGE



HISTORICAL



FAMILY



SCENIC



LEISURE



SHOPPING

D1

**KUALA LUMPUR – ISTANBUL**

(11H10M)

(MOB/-/D)

- Transfer to Hotel

D2

**ISTANBUL – ANKARA (460KM, 5H) -  
CAPPADOCIA (283KM, 5H)**

(B/L/D)

- Pass Thru Salt Lake
- Ataturk Mausoleum

D3

**CAPPADOCIA**

(B/L/D)

- Pigeon Valley
- Pasabag Valley
- Devrent Valley
- Uchisar 'Castle' Village
- Avanos Pottery Village
- Turkish Turquoise
- Belly Dance Show

D4

**CAPPADOCIA – KONYA (242KM, 4H15M)  
– PAMUKKALE (405KM, 6H45M)**

(B/L/D)

- Tepesidelikhan Ancient Caravanserai
- Underground City of Serhatli

D5

**PAMUKKALE – KUSADASI**

(183KM, 3H20M)

(B/L/D)

- Ancient City of Hierapolis
- Cotton Castle
- Selcuk
- Ephesus Ancient City
- Virgin Mary House

D6

**KUSADASI – PERGAMON (194KM, 3H30M) –  
CANAKKALE (214KM, 4H)**

(B/L/D)

- TrojanHorse

D7

**CANAKKALE – ISTANBUL**

(510KM, 8H)

(B/L/D)

- Blue Mosque
- Hippodrome of Constantinople
- St Sophia Church
- Topkapi Palace

## ISTANBUL

- **Blue Mosque** - Also known as Mosque of Sultan Ahmet, which boasts a unique feature of 6 minarets. View its glorious interiors and distinctive blue tiles.
- **Hippodrome of Constantinople** - Was a circus that was the sporting and social centre of Constantinople, capital of the Byzantine Empire.
- **St Sophia Church** - Is a former Eastern Orthodox Church converted to a mosque and must see attraction because of its religious and architectural significance.
- **Topkapi Palace** - Is a large palace in Istanbul, Turkey, that was the primary residence of the Ottoman sultans for approximately 400 years (1465–1856) of their 624-year reign.

## CANAKKALE

- **Trojan Horse** - Will be greeted by the huge replica of a wooden Trojan horse, it is a vivid reminder of the ancient Trojan War.

## KUSADASI

- **Selcuk** - The pretty town Selcuk is famous with its being a fascinating mixture of all historical periods. The strategic location of Selcuk has provided to be a popular place to settle down during the centuries. The name 'Selcuk' comes from the Turkish tribes settled in the region by the 12th century.
- **Ephesus Ancient City** - One of the greatest of the Ionian cities, it became the leading seaport of the region. Its wealth was proverbial. The Greek city was near an old center of worship of a native nature goddess, who was equated with the Greek Artemis.
- **Ancient City of Hierapolis** - Hierapolis is an ancient city located on the top of Pamukkale and is a World Heritage site. There is a mixture of Pagan, Roman, Jewish and early Christian influences. Since the hot springs of Pamukkale were used as a spa since the 2nd century, people came to Hierapolis to soothe their ailments and often retire and die.
- **Cotton Castle** - Pamukkale means cotton castle in Turkish and the name is fitting for this geological wonder where mineral rich waters tumble down the hillside leaving a gleaming white terrain that looks like frosting on a cake melting in the sun.

## KONYA

- **Tepesidelikhan Ancient Caravanserai** - It was a roadside inn where travelers could rest and recover from the day's journey. Caravanserais supported the flow of commerce, information, and people across the network of trade routes covering Asia, North Africa, and southeastern Europe, especially along the Silk Road.





**Bosphorus Cruise Trip**



**Pasabag Valley**



**Pigeon Valley**

**D8**

**ISTANBUL – KUALA LUMPUR (B/-/-)**

- Bosphorus Cruise Trip
- Free at Leisure until departure

**D9**

**ARRIVE KLIA**



- ✓ 4 Stars Hotel
- ✓ Full Board
- ✓ Underground City of Serhatli
- ✓ Trojan Horse
- ✓ Ephesus Ancient City
- ✓ Ataturk Mausoleum
- ✓ Cotton Castle
- ✓ Belly Dance Show
- ✓ Bosphorus Cruise Trip



**4 ★ HOTEL**

- ✓ CAPPODOCIA x 2 NIGHTS
- ✓ PAMUKKALE x 1 NIGHT
- ✓ KUSADASI x 1 NIGHT
- ✓ CANAKKALE x 1 NIGHT
- ✓ ISTANBUL x 2 NIGHTS



- ✓ 7 Breakfast / 6 Lunch / 7 Dinner
- ✓ Local Food

## CAPPADOCIA

- **Underground City of Serhatli** - Once a place of refuge for 15000 Christians. Witness the ancient bedrooms, church, meeting hall and food storage rooms in this eight-storey city connected by 30km of corridors and passageways.
- **Pigeon Valley** - Name comes from thousands of pigeon houses that have been carved into the soft tuff since ancient times. In Cappadocia, pigeons have long been a source of food and fertilizer. The advent of chemical fertilizers has reduced the use of pigeon dung.
- **Devrent Valley** - Is different from others in the areas, because it does not have the rock churches that are in abundance in places like Ihlara valley. Instead it is more famous for the land which resembles a lunar landscape. Situated a short drive from Goreme, the valley still has the characteristics of the fairies chimneys and combined with the rocks of the lunar landscape that do actually look like animals, it provides a wonderful backdrop for the perfect holiday picture.
- **Pasabag Valley** - Highly remarkable earth pillars can be seen here, in the middle of a vineyard, hence the name of the place which means: the Pacha's vineyard. Pacha means "General", the military rank, in Turkish and it is a very common nick name. This site is also called Monks Valley. The name was derived from some cones carved in tuff stones which stand apart.
- **Uchisar 'Castle' Village** - Uchisar is very hilly and those with walking difficulties will find problems on steep streets and hills. From the top of Uchisar is the castle and one of the most magnificent views of the landscape.
- **Avanos Pottery Village** - The small town of Avanos in Cappadocia is famous for its distinctive red earthenware pottery. Situated on the banks of the longest river in Turkey, the Kızılırmak (Red River), the lovely old town overlooks the red silt of the river which has been both the lifeblood and the destiny of Avanos.

## ANKARA

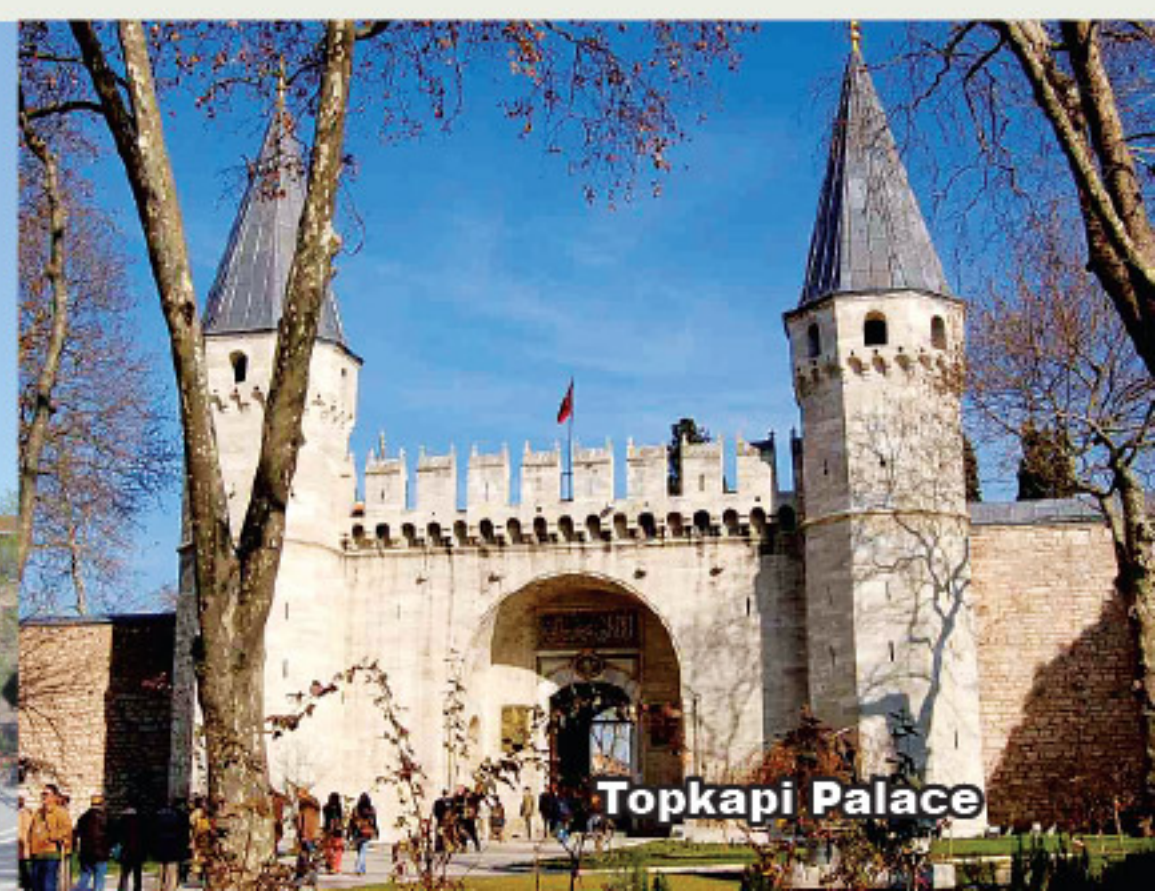
- **Ataturk Mausoleum** - Is the mausoleum of Mustafa Kemal Atatürk, the leader of the Turkish War of Independence and the founder and first President of the Republic of Turkey.



**St Sophia Church**



**Trojan Horse**



**Topkapi Palace**



## General Information

# • TURKEY •



<b>Currency</b> 	: Turkish Lira ( TRY ) <b>Turkey</b> : Euro ( EUR ) : US Dollar ( USD )	<b>Credit Card</b> * International credit and debit cards are widely accepted in Turkey.
<b>Exchange Rate</b> 	<b>TRY 1</b> : RM 1.5 <b>EUR 1</b> : RM 4.4 <b>USD 1</b> : RM 3.7	<b>Dial Code</b> + 90
<b>Voltage</b> 	220 Volts	<b>Power socket</b> Power socket is 2 round plugs. <i>Please bring a universal electric plug adapter.</i>
<b>Time Different</b> 	5 hours behind Malaysia Time	<b>Luggage allowance</b> Each individual are entitled to check in 1 luggage of not more than 20kgs and a hand carry bag not more than 7kgs.
<b>Weather</b> 	<div> <input type="checkbox"/> <b>Spring</b>  Mar - May  10°C- 25°C </div> <div> <input type="checkbox"/> <b>Summer</b>  Jun - Aug  28°C- 37°C </div> <div> <input type="checkbox"/> <b>Autumn</b>  Sep - Nov  8°C- 20°C </div> <div> <input type="checkbox"/> <b>Winter</b>  Dec - Feb  -5°C- 11°C </div>	
<b>Aircraft Type</b> 	<div>  A330 </div> <div>  B737- 800 </div> <div>  B757 </div>	

Departure Date: 

Flight : 

Tour Fare: 

Airport Tax & Fuel Surcharge: 

Tipping: 

Agent Collection Fee: 

Visa: 

Travel Insurance: 
**TOTAL :** 

Travel Agent:

